

Can double-input capacitively coupled contactless conductivity detector be used in inorganic ion analysis?

In this contribution, we optimize the structure of double-input capacitively coupled contactless conductivity detector (DIC 4 D) that proposed before by our group and successfully applied it in the capillary electrophoresis of inorganic ion analysis.

Can two electrode pairs arranged in two different capillary channels reduce parasitic stray capacitance?

Jaanus et al. 17 and Stojkovic et al. 18 proposed two electrode pairs C 4 D detector, which are arranged in two different capillary channels. This improvement provided an effective compensation which can suppress the influence of the parasitic stray capacitance and decrease the baseline conductivity of the separation buffer.

Can contactless conductivity detectors improve the performance of capillary zone electrophoresis?

Zemann et al. 6 and Fracassi da Silva et al. 7 proposed the use of C 4 D in capillary zone electrophoresis and proved the advantages of C 4 D. Since then, much effort has been made to improve the performance of the contactless conductivity detectors. Do Lago et al. 8 improved the hardware and optimized the operational parameters.

How to reduce contact resistance and capacity of copper wires?

To decrease the contact resistance and capacity, the gaps between the copper wires were filled with conductive paints. The electrodes and their locations in DIC 4 D were identical to those in C 4 D. To prevent the signal from environmental interferences, a strict electromagnetic shielding was used.

How to measure the conductivity of C4D?

Kang et al. 12,13 adopted an inductance coupling device to measure the conductivity of C 4 D and proposed a new C 4 D, which is compensated with the electrode impedance by adding a series inductance from a piezoelectric quartz crystal to decrease the coupling impedance and increase sensitivity.

What is the noise in C 4 D capillary electrophoresis?

As mentioned in the reference 15,27, the noise in C 4 D capillary electrophoresis mainly includes thermal noise, chemical noise from the chemical transformations during the electrophoretic run, noise from the signal generator, and ripple of the high-voltage source.

In this paper, an online detection method based on load classification has been proposed. Several identification parameters are first put forward to classify loads. With these parameters, low-load modeling and monitoring data of the period of industrial users stably out of operation are screened out. Finally, online monitoring is achieved by the principal component ...

XConsecutive failures detection XLive reporting of number of failed capacitors XAdvance alarm for externally fused SCBs fuse-saving XApplied for banks grounded through CT/ Capacitor (Neutral Voltage



